## **Internal Revenue Service**

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Department of the Treasury

Washington, DC 20224

Third Party Communication: None Date of Communication: Not Applicable

Person To Contact:

, ID No.

Telephone Number:

In Re: Ruling Request

Refer Reply To:

CC:PSI:B04 PLR-106468-13

Date:

June 05, 2013

Legend:

Husband =
Wife =
Trust =
Year 1 =
Year 2 =
Year 3 =
Year 4 =
Date 1 =

Dear :

This letter responds to a letter dated February 1, 2013, from your authorized representative, and subsequent correspondence, requesting an extension of time pursuant to § 2642(g) of the Internal Revenue Code and §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 of the Procedure and Administration Regulations to allocate generation-skipping transfer (GST) exemption to three transfers to a trust.

The facts and representations submitted are summarized as follows. On Date 1, in Year 1, Husband and Wife (Taxpayers) created and transferred cash to an irrevocable trust (Trust) for the benefit of their grandchildren. In Year 2, 3, and 4, Taxpayers made cash gifts to Trust. Taxpayers did not report these gifts on Forms 709, United States Gift (and Generation-Skipping Transfer) Tax Returns. As a result, Taxpayers' GST exemption was not allocated to these gifts. The failure to allocate GST exemption to these gifts was discovered when Taxpayers retained new counsel. It has been represented that Taxpayers each have sufficient GST exemption available to allocate to these gifts.

Taxpayers request an extension of time under § 2642(g) and §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 to allocate their respective GST exemption to the Year 2, 3, and 4 gifts to Trust.

## Law and Analysis:

Section 2601 imposes a tax on every GST, which is defined under § 2611(a) as (1) a taxable distribution, (2) a taxable termination, and (3) a direct skip.

Section 2631(a), as in effect at the time of the gifts, provides that, for purposes of determining the GST tax, every individual shall be allowed a GST exemption of \$1,000,000 that may be allocated by such individual (or his executor) to any property with respect to which such individual is the transferor. Section 2631(b) provides that any allocation under § 2631(a), once made, shall be irrevocable.

Section 26.2632-1(b)(4)(i) of the Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Regulations provides that an allocation of GST exemption to property transferred during the transferor's lifetime is made on Form 709.

Section 2642(g)(1)(A) provides that the Secretary shall by regulation prescribe such circumstances and procedures under which extensions of time will be granted to make an allocation of GST exemption described in § 2642(b)(1) or (2) and an election under § 2632(b)(3) or (c)(5). Such regulations shall include procedures for requesting comparable relief with respect to transfers made before the date of the enactment of § 2642(g)(1)(A), which was enacted into law on June 7, 2001.

Section 2642(g)(1)(B) provides that in determining whether to grant relief, the Secretary shall take into account all relevant circumstances, including evidence of intent contained in the trust instrument or instrument of transfer and such other factors as the Secretary deems relevant. For purposes of determining whether to grant relief, the time for making the allocation (or election) shall be treated as if not expressly prescribed by statute.

Notice 2001-50, 2001-2 C.B. 189, provides that under § 2642(g)(1)(B), the time for allocating the GST exemption to lifetime transfers and transfers at death, the time for electing out of the automatic allocation rules, and the time for electing to treat any trust as a GST trust are to be treated as if not expressly prescribed by statute. The Notice further provides that taxpayers may seek an extension of time to make an allocation described in § 2642(b)(1) or (b)(2) or an election described in § 2632(b)(3) or (c)(5) under the provisions of § 301.9100-3.

Section 301.9100-1(c) provides that the Commissioner has discretion to grant a reasonable extension of time under the rules set forth in §§ 301.9100-2 and 301.9100-3 to make a regulatory election, or a statutory election (but no more than 6 months except in the case of a taxpayer who is abroad), under all subtitles of the Code except subtitles E, G, H, and I.

Section 301.9100-3 provides the standards used to determine whether to grant an extension of time to make an election whose due date is prescribed by a regulation (and not expressly provided by statute). Under § 301.9100-1(b), a regulatory election includes an election whose due date is prescribed by a notice published in the Internal Revenue Bulletin. In accordance with § 2642(g)(1)(B) and Notice 2001-50, taxpayers may seek an extension of time to make an allocation described in § 2642(b)(1) under the provisions of § 301.9100-3.

Requests for relief under § 301.9100-3 will be granted when the taxpayer provides the evidence to establish to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the taxpayer acted reasonably and in good faith, and that granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the Government.

Section 301.9100-3(b)(1)(v) provides that a taxpayer is deemed to have acted reasonably and in good faith if the taxpayer reasonably relied on a qualified tax professional, including a tax professional employed by the taxpayer, and the tax professional failed to make, or advise the taxpayer to make, the election.

Based on the facts submitted and the representations made, we conclude that the requirements of § 301.9100-3 have been satisfied. Taxpayers are each granted an extension of time of 120 days from the date of this letter to allocate their respective GST exemption to the Year 2, 3 and 4 gifts to Trust. The allocations will be effective as of the date of each transfer to Trust, and the value of each transfer to Trust, as determined for federal gift tax purposes, will be used in determining the amount of GST exemption to be allocated to Trust.

The allocations should be made on Forms 709 for Year 2, 3, and 4 and filed with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Cincinnati, Ohio 45999. A copy of this letter should be attached to each Form 709.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayers requesting it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

The rulings contained in this letter are based upon information and representations submitted by the taxpayer and accompanied by a penalty of perjury statement executed by an appropriate party. While this office has not verified any of the material submitted in support of the request for rulings, it is subject to verification on examination.

Sincerely,

Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs & Special Industries)

Lorraine E. Gardner

By:

Lorraine E. Gardner
Senior Counsel, Branch 4
Office of the Chief Counsel
(Passthroughs & Special Industries)

Enclosures: Copy for § 6110 purposes

CC: